SPECIFICATION AMENDMENTS

Replace the paragraph beginning at page 1, line 20 with:

~~Meanwhile, in~~ In the conventional oscillator of this type, it is probable that an excessive power is inputted to the transistor in an equilibrium state of oscillation ~~so that the~~ causing device breakdown or deterioration of noise characteristic ~~is caused~~. Therefore, in the conventional oscillator, in general, in order to avoid these disadvantages, the small signal loop gain is decreased to achieve the equilibrium state of oscillation by a lower electric power.

Replace the paragraph beginning at page 2, line 4 with:

As described above, in the conventional oscillator, in order to reduce the power inputted to the transistor in the equilibrium state of oscillation, the small signal loop gain is decreased to achieve the equilibrium state of oscillation by a lower power. ~~In consequence~~ Consequently, in the conventional oscillator, for example, the variation in characteristic to the variation in gain of the transistor is increased due to the variations in the environment temperature or manufacturing condition or the like. Thus, ~~there occurs such a problem that~~ a countermeasure for an excessive input of the power cannot be actually achieved in many cases.

Replace the paragraph beginning at page 2, line 18 with:

The present invention, which has been developed to solve the conventional problems described above, ~~has an object or a problem to be solved to provide~~ provides a semiconductor integrated circuit device or an oscillator which can decrease an oscillation power when an equilibrium state of oscillation is achieved, without decreasing a small signal loop gain.

Replace the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 22 with:

As described above, the semiconductor integrated circuit device according to the present invention has ~~the~~ a circuit structure which regulates the power amplitude by using the diode. ~~In consequence~~ Consequently, the oscillation power obtained when the equilibrium

state of oscillation is achieved, can be decreased without decreasing the small signal loop gain.